Medieval Madness Printing Instructions

Remaining Characters 61 to 120

Light Card 300gsm if possible.

Print "actual size", not "shrink to fit".

Print colour if possible.

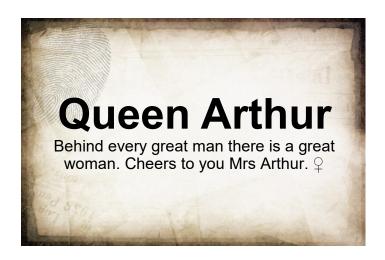
Guillotine into separate Badges.

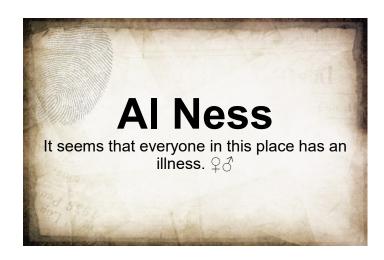
Have enough safety pins.

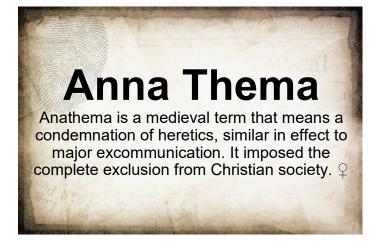




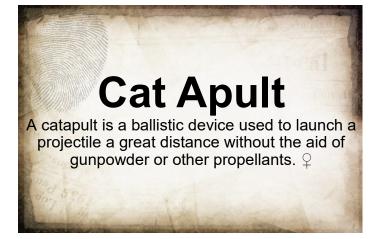














Dana Badthing What is the worst thing you have done? In the medieval ages it was easy to get away with things but if you got caught the trial was worse than the punishment. \(\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$}}} \)

Mal Itarycampain

Throughout the medieval period there were more military campaigns than you could count. The Crusades were the most notable to the western world and the best known of these Crusades are those to the Holy Land in the period between 1095 and 1291.

Fish Wife

A fishwife, fish-fag or fishlass is a woman who sells fish. Often the wives of fishermen, fishwives were notoriously loud and foul-mouthed, as noted in the expression, to swear like a fishwife. This usage stems from Old English. ♀

Moe Zlim

The Crusades were religious wars initiated by the Catholic Church in the medieval period. The best known Crusades to the Holy Land occurred from 1095 to 1291 to recover Jerusalem and its surrounding area from Islamic rule.

Kay Sel

Despite the dizzying diversity in medieval castles, there were three primary types of castles: Motte-and-bailey castles, stone keep castles, and concentric castles. What does Madge Estee have? ♀

Don Ahelmet

Medieval Helmets are made out of iron and steel, just like the rest of the Armour. In the middle ages, they were made by an armorer, which is a blacksmith who specialised in making Armour.

Maid Tameasure

To be a Knight in the medieval period you had to have enough money to purchase your own armour. This armour would be made to measure for your custom proportions. ♀

Con Kushon

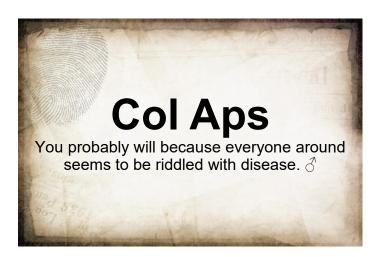
Even when wearing a metal helmet, concussion was a major problem for a Knight as the would often be struck by rocks, hammers or the base of a sword handle.

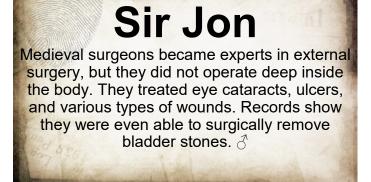
Cher Iff Medieval sheriffs collected revenue, fines, and rents. They executed writs, put together juries, guarded prisoners and presided over the county court. It was also the sheriff's job to investigate things other than crimes and report back to the king. ♀

Tai Thing A tithe is a portion (10%) of your income given as an offering to your local church. (Fun fact: The word tithe literally means tenth in Hebrew.)

Gray Vyardshift Medieval medicine wasn't what it is today, and people in a deep coma were often pronounced dead. Coffins were fitted with bells and at night, workers would listen for the bells of the buried but undead. This became known as the Graveyard Shift.

Holly City Jerusalem became holy to Christians because it was holy to Jesus. The Crusades were religious wars initiated by the Catholic Church in the medieval period to recover Jerusalem and its surrounding area from Islamic rule. ♀





Prue Sayds

The Crusades were religious wars initiated by the Catholic Church in the medieval period. The best known Crusades to the Holy Land occurred from 1095 to 1291 to recover Jerusalem and its surrounding area from Islamic rule. ♀

Rex Ecutioner

In medieval Europe, in addition to executing prisoners, executioners also taxed lepers and prostitutes, and controlled gaming houses. They were also in charge of the latrines and cesspools, and disposing of animal carcasses.

Rowena Boat

Row boats were a popular form of transport for people and freight in medieval times. ♀

P. Zant

The people who farmed the land around the castle were called peasants. The lord took some of the crops they grew and the peasants fed themselves on what remained. They sold any spare crops to make money. Peasants worked hard every day except Sundays. ♀♂

Effie Luent

A medieval city with a population of 10,000 people typically produced 900,000 litres of excrement and nearly 3 million litres of urine annually. This was before such cities had underground sewage systems and much of it ended up in streets and rivers. ♀

Chris Bow

The earliest known crossbows were invented in the first millennium BC, in ancient China. The medieval European crossbow became popular as they required far less skill to operate than a traditional bow.

Effie Demic

The Black Death was the 2nd great natural disaster to strike Europe during the Late Middle Ages (the first one being the Great Famine of 1315–1317) and is estimated to have killed one-third of the world population. ♀

Moe Tar

The mortar was used throughout the Middle Ages. Mortars are large calibre, muzzle-loading artillery pieces used during sieges to shoot round stone projectiles at the walls of enemy fortifications, enabling troops to break in.

Count Ing Accounting dates back 7,000 years to Mesopotamia (modern Iraq), and show lists of expenditures, and goods received and traded. Medieval accounting often used split sticks with notches cut as records of transactions.

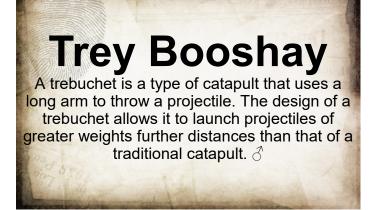
Anne Glish The Kingdom of England is a sovereign state on the island of Great Britain from 12 July 927, when it emerged from various Anglo-Saxon kingdoms. On 1 May 1707, it united with Scotland to form the Kingdom of Great Britain.

Pepper Corn Pepper's popularity in both cuisine and medicine reached its peak during the Middle Ages in Europe. Uncooked food was rarely eaten in medieval households and it was

highly processed and richly spiced. 2

Barron Desert During medieval times in Europe, a system of nobility existed where different titles were given according to status. From lowest to highest was baron, viscount, earl, marquess and duke.





Mona SteryMonk A medieval monastery was an enclosed and ometimes remote community of monks led by

A medieval monastery was an enclosed and sometimes remote community of monks led by an abbot who shunned worldly goods to live a simple life of prayer and devotion. Christian monasteries first spread to Western Europe in the 5th century. ♀

Moe Narkey

A monarchy is a form of government in which the monarch, is head of state for life or until abdication. The authority of the monarch can be largely symbolic (constitutional monarchy), to fully autocratic (absolute monarchy).

Maddi Seen

Medieval doctors believed in the theory of humours. The theory stated that there are four humours, or fluids – black bile, yellow bile, phlegm, and blood. These had to be in balance for a person to remain healthy. ♀

Chris Endom

The word Christendom encompasses the Medieval and Renaissance idea of the central place of Christianity in the lives of nations, countries, states, and individuals.

Shay Eld

Shields provide passive protection from weaponry and projectiles. Normally made of wood, animal hide, woven reeds, poplar tree, or another split-resistant timber, and often covered with leather, rawhide and reinforced with a metal rim or banding. ♀

Christian Executions

Early Christians were persecuted at the hands of Jews, from whose religion Christianity arose, and the Romans. Early in the 4th century, the Roman Empire's official persecutions were ended by the Edict of Serdica and Christianity was legalised.

Kay Meltrain

In the medieval period camels played a role as pack animals in western Europe and the middle east. Camels were vital in transporting goods to Europe from the east along the silk road. ♀

Stu Bonicplague

Bubonic plague is an infection spread mostly to humans by infected fleas that travel on rodents. Also called the Black Death, it is estimated to have killed one-third of the world population.

Astra Nomical-Compass

An astrolabe was a handheld model of the universe used in antiquity and the middle ages. In its simplest form it is a metal disc with a pattern of wires, cut-outs, and perforations that allows a user to calculate astronomical positions precisely. ♀

Fryer Duck

Whereas monks live in a self-sufficient community, friars work among laypeople and are supported by donations or other charitable support. ♀♂

Flo Tingcrane

Floating cranes are used mainly in bridge building and port construction, but they were also used in medieval times for loading and unloading of especially heavy or awkward loads on and off ships. ♀

Cam Alot

Camelot is a castle and court associated with the legendary King Arthur. Camelot first appeared in 12th-century French romances and the stories locate it somewhere in Great Britain but most scholars regard it as being entirely fictional.

Gaye Ted-Entrance

A portcullis is a heavy, vertically-closing gate typically found in medieval fortifications, consisting of a latticed grille made of wood, metal, or a combination of the two, which slides down grooves inset within each jamb of the gateway. ♀

Con Quest

The Norman Conquest was the 11th-century invasion and occupation of England by an army made up of thousands of Normans, Bretons, Flemish, and men from other French provinces, all led by the Duke of Normandy, later styled William the Conqueror.

Cath Olic

The tradition of the Catholic Church began with Jesus Christ. In 380AD, under Emperor Theodosius, Christianity became the state religion of the Roman Empire by the Edict of Thessalonica, and Christianity would survive the fall of Rome. ♀

Rex Caliber

Excalibur is the legendary sword of King Arthur. Arthur obtained the British throne by pulling the sword from an anvil sitting atop a stone that appeared in a churchyard on Christmas Eve.

Jen Tree

Men that earned more than £20 a year, but not knighted were considered gentlemen. Gentry refers to the class of gentlemen immediately below a knight. Quasi noble, many could qualify to be a knight but were idle or couldn't afford it. ♀

Lance Sharpener

A lance is a pole weapon designed to be used by a cavalry soldier (lancer). During the periods of medieval warfare, it became the leading weapon in cavalry charges, and was unsuited for throwing or for repeated thrusting.

Beau N. Arrow A six-foot bow made of yew wood, the English longbow had a draw weight of between 35 and 70kg and an effective range of up to 320m. The heavy war arrows used were able to penetrate all but the very best steel plate armour of the medieval period.

